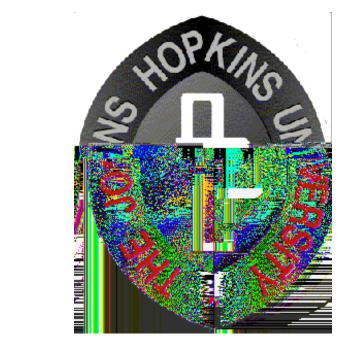


Mission-Independent Analysis for Energetic Particle Data

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POINT 1 of 2: The use of **Data Interfaces** greatly simplifies multi-mission analysis and data fusion for **all kinds of science data**, not just energetic particle and field data.

The Data Interface concept is relatively new and is useful in any multi-mission analysis environment. This panel defines and describes data interfaces. The panel on the right gives an example of one application which uses data interfaces to enable multi-mission analysis of particle and field data.

Data Interfaces - descriptions and definitions

A data interface is a software API which sits over a dataset and provides access to the dataset; all access to the dataset must go through the data interface, which is implemented in a thin software layer.

A data interface enables multi-mission analysis by providing a common way to access datasets with similar scientific content.

A data interface can serve data from a dataset stored in any conceivable format.

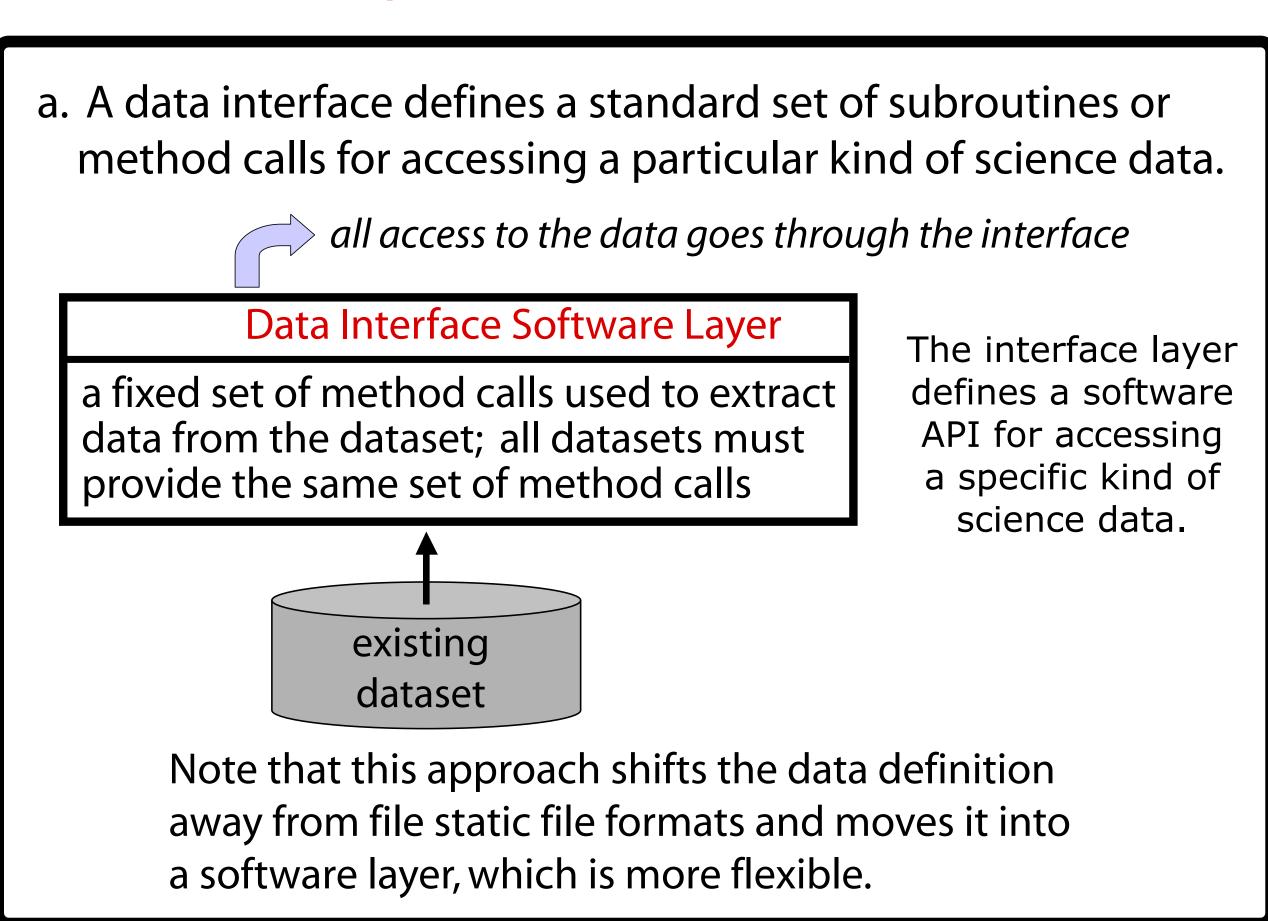
A data interface is not a data format, but it does require a standard set of method calls (similar to subroutine calls) which define what scientific quantities can be extracted from a particular kind of science data.

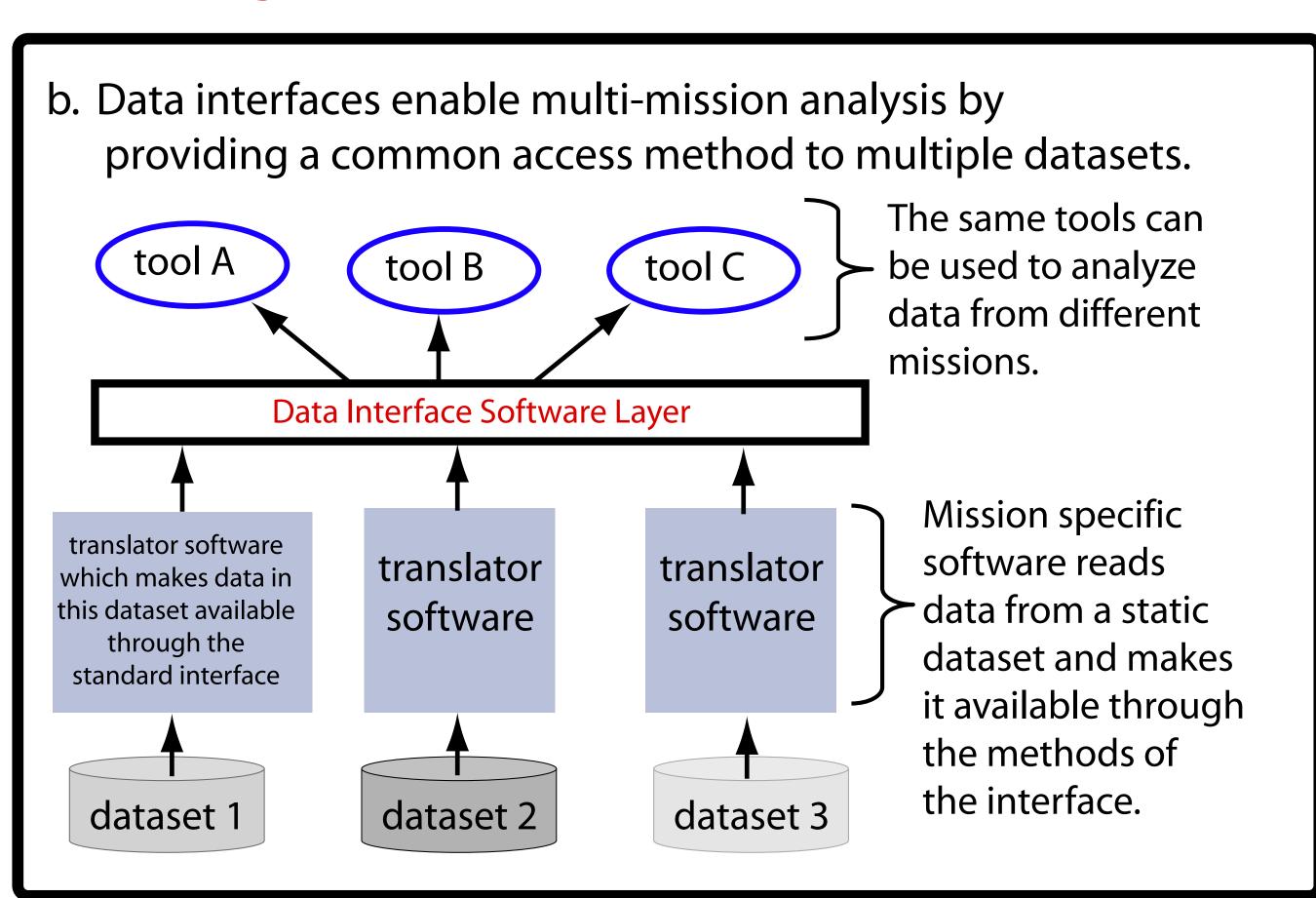
A data interface can be enhanced or extended to allow for development of mission specific tools for instrument teams, for example.

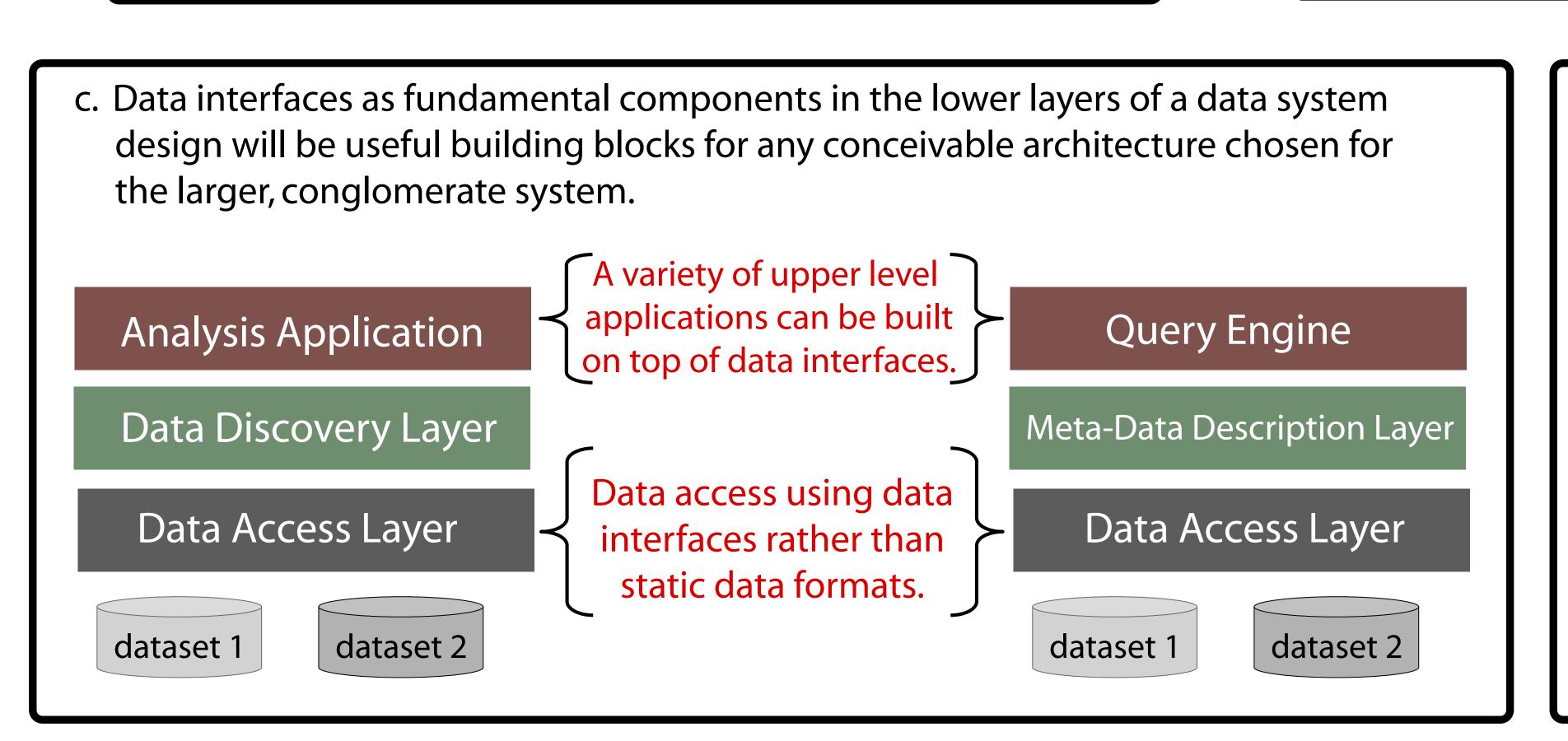
A data interface separates analysis tool development from data reader software.

A data interface can be implemented in a language independent way using existing techniques (i.e., Grid technology or web services).

Data interfaces can contribute to LWS data system development because they define a standardized way to access existing or new datasets. Any conceivable distributed analysis architecture can benefit from lower level components which enable unified data access through data interfaces.







d. Common questions about data interfaces.

Question: How can you expect the community to come up with a standard access method for science data?

Response: Standard access through a *data format* has never worked, but if you want multi-mission inter operability, you must standardize somewhere, and rather than do this in the data format, do it in a *software layer*, which has much more flexibility.

Question: How long does it take to write the implementation software for a data interface? Who writes this software?

Response: For simple ephemeris and magnetic field data, it takes less than one day. For particle data, it can take anywhere from 1 to 3 months. It would require a programmer who knows about both the data interface definition and the dataset and/or instrument specific details.

POINT 2 of 2: Effective web-based analysis tools for multi-mission particle and field data have been developed and deployed using the **Data Interface** concept. For the first time, the highest time-resolution energetic particle data for several important missions is now available on the web.

The data and analysis tools described below are available on-line at http://sd-www.jhuapl.edu/MIDL

To utilize the data interface concept for particle and field data, the following three steps were taken:

STEP 1 - Data interfaces have been defined for the following kinds of data:

Energetic Particle Data mission independent access to the *highest time*resolution data, including directional information

Magnetic Field Data provides high time resolution measurements

for Bx, By, and Bz, with uncertainties if available

Spacecraft Ephemeris

provides spacecraft X, Y, and Z position in relevant coordinate system

STEP 2 - Software implementations (i.e., the datasets specific translator software shown above the datasets in box "b" on the left panel) for these three interfaces have been written for the following 4 missions:

GEOTAIL/EPIC, AMPTE/MEPA, ISEE-1, ISEE-2

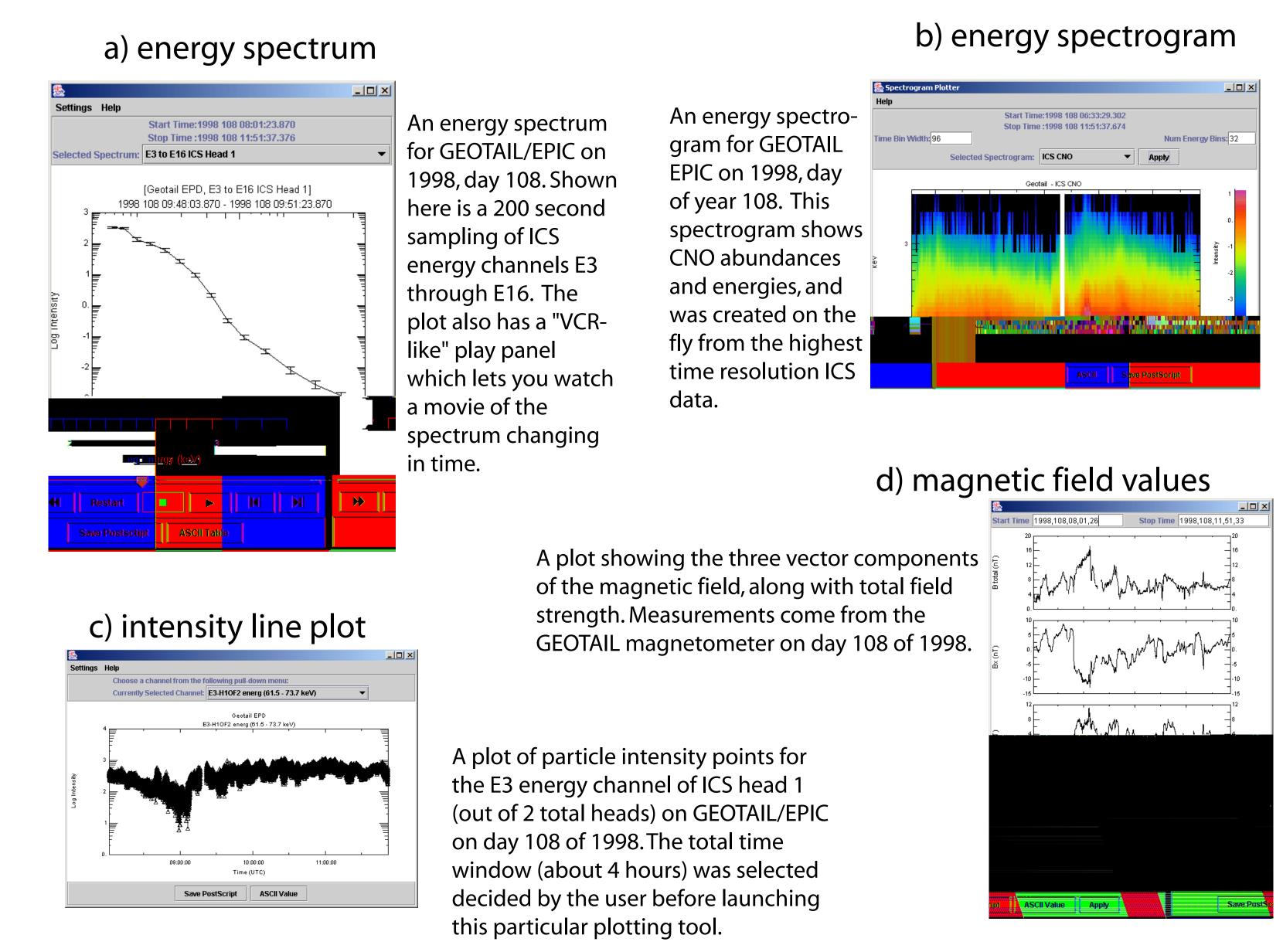
STEP 3 - Web-based analysis tools were created based solely on the APIs in the data interfaces. These tools analyze and display the particle, field and ephemeris data for all of the above missions.

implementations with the missionindependent analysis tools. Choose an image to view for a given day GEOTAIL ISEE-1 GEOTAIL - EPIC Summary Image ISEE-2 GEOTAIL AMPTE-MEPA Spectrum Plot MAG Line Plot Flux vs L Shell Pitch Angle GEOTAIL - STICS Protons Energy Spectrogram Spacecraft Trajectory ASCII Save Panel Time Range Setting Select the time range f detailed plots using eithe • the sliding bars user entered times: Start Time: 1992,300,00,00,00 Stop Time 1992,300,23,59,59 an cross day boundarie: nd/or be arbitrarily large

The main application links the interface

The current setup shows one summary image per day for each included dataset.
Scrolling through these summary images provides a way to browse a dataset.

After selecting a specific time range, analysis tools can be launched to view dynamic plots, such as:
a) an energy spectrum
b) an energy spectrogram
c) a line plot of intensity
d) magnetic field values



The tools are written in Java, and run inside a web browser on all major platforms.

Future Plans:

- develop more data interfaces: plasma moments, plasma waves
- include more datasets: IMP-8, ACE/EPAM, Ulysses/HI-SCALE, Cassini/MIMI
- expand the analysis environment: more cross-dataset tools tools